| **What is Child Abuse & Neglect?****Child Abuse**: Words and/or actions that cause harm, potential harm, or threat of harm. **Child Neglect**: Failure to provide a child’s basic physical, emotional or educational needs.**Types of Abuse:*** Physical Abuse
* Sexual Abuse
* Verbal Abuse
* Psychological/Emotional Abuse

**Types of Neglect:*** Physical Neglect
* Emotional Neglect
* Medical and Dental Neglect
* Educational Neglect
* Inadequate Supervision
* Exposure to Violent Environments
 | **Resources for Parents****www.erinslaw.org****R.A.I.N.N.**Rape Abuse Incest National Network Hotline1-800-656-4663 (HOPE)**Childhelp National Child Abuse Hotline**1-800-4-A-CHILD(800-422-4453)**Mutual Ground**418 Oak Ave.Aurora, IL 60586630-897-0084 | Erin’s LawInformation for ParentsImage result for latino students stock |
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| What is Erin’s Law?“Erin’s Law” requires that all public schools in Illinois implement a prevention-oriented child sexual abuse program.How will D131 address Erin’s Law?In District 131, all students, from Pre-K to 12th grade, will be provided with a developmentally appropriate personal body safety program in their classroom. Image result for kids stock photos | **STATISTICS**\*1 in 6 boys and 1 in 4 girls are sexually abused before the age of 18 \*1 in 7 children have experienced abuse or neglect in the last year \*1 in 5 children are solicited sexually over the internet by the age of 18 \*90% of children personally know their abusers \*95% of child sexual abuse can be prevented through education\*https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/childabuseandneglect/index.html What’s in the Erin’s Law Program?* Distinguishing between safe and unsafe touches.
* Learning this simple safety rule: No One Should Touch your Private Parts except to keep you clean and healthy.
* Informing the students of what do if someone breaks this rule:
	1. Say “No!”
	2. Get Away.
	3. TELL A TRUSTED ADULT!  (most important)
 | Possible Warning Signs:* Nightmares/Trouble sleeping/Bed wetting
* Change in appetite
* Fear of certain people, places or activities
* Depression
* Aggression
* Feeling shameful or guilty
* Isolating oneself
* Withdrawal from someone
* Resisting removing clothes when appropriate times (bedtime, bath time)
* Change in academics
* Running away from home
* Suicidal thoughts
* Acting out sexually
* Exhibits adult sexual behaviors, knowledge, and language
* Eating Disorders
* Self-Injury
* Drug and Alcohol Abuse
* Promiscuity (in adolescence)

Do you have Concerns?If you notice a change in your child’s behavior, have concerns or would like additional information, please contact your child’s school. |
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